

The Bulletin's Circulation in Norwich is Double That of Any Other Paper, and Its Total Circulation is the Largest in Connecticut in Proportion to the City's Population

# ALLIES ARE RELENTLESS IN PURSUIT OF THE INVADERS

Germans are Said to be Preparing to Make a Stand at the River Aisne

FRENCH FORCES AGAIN IN CONTROL OF AMEINS

Petrograd Reports that Russian Troops are Crossing the San River, Also the Capture of Many Prisoners in an Encounter With Austrians—British Press Bureau Denies that Russian Troops Have Landed in Belgium—Berlin Concedes that the Chief Austrian Army Has Suffered an Absolute Defeat—25,000 Japanese Have Landed on the Shan Tung Peninsula.

The recuperation of Amiens by the French and the preparations by the Germans on the River Aisne to make a stand against the allies, are the chief announcements contained in the latest statement issued by the French Government. Apparently the Germans also are preparing to resist on the heights northwest of Rheims.

Petrograd reports that the Russian troops are crossing the San River and that the Russian army, repulsing desperate attacks by the Austrians, captured many prisoners.

The British official press bureau denies the reports that Russian troops have landed in Belgium and declares also that there is no truth what ever in the rumors that German troops have landed or passed through Great Britain on their way to France and Belgium.

A Copenhagen despatch says that the chief Austrian army has suffered an absolute defeat at the hands of the Russians.

Among the German prisoners arriving in the neighborhood of Paris are a general and his staff.

Fading reports that 25,000 Japanese have landed on the Shan-Tung peninsula, and that Japan is sending troops passing toward Ping-Tu, about forty miles north of Kiao-Chow, the German protectorate in China.

**ALLIES IN CLOSE PURSUIT OF FLEEING INVADERS**

German Withdrawing Movement Being Carried on With Rapidity.

Paris, Sept. 14, 5:11 p. m.—Unrelenting pursuit of the rapidly retreating German army by the British and French forces continued today with extraordinary vigor, according to the French view.

Despite the great numbers composing their various armies which operated together against the allies, the German withdrawing movement is being carried out with great rapidity and cleverness. The main body appears to be approaching the Belgian frontier while the German left wing is steadily gaining shelter in German Lorraine.

Fleeing Invaders Abandon Everything So far, as known, the fleeing invaders who have been forced to retreat into France, made such a stern attempt to break through the solid lines of the allies defending Paris, have abandoned more than 2,000 men, of various calibre and thirty machine guns because their exhausted horses were unable to drag them fast enough to keep up even with the foot-warrior infantry. Enormous amounts of ammunition and foodstuffs were left on the route of the Germans which is through a difficult marshy country, rendered almost impassable in some places by the heavy rains of the past few days and which threaten to continue.

Allies Show No Fatigue. The allies on the other hand, it is asserted, display no signs of fatigue. They are represented as sturdy and unexpectedly great victories to such a state of enervation that they are able to keep close on the heels of the retreating enemy whom they harass day and night, cutting off their lines and attempting to place forces between the retreating armies and the comparative safety of the frontier.

Future Battles on German Soil. The general belief here is that the next phase of the gigantic war in which hundreds of thousands of men are engaged on the thousands of miles will take place in German territory. The allies, according to the military experts, doubtless will endeavor to prevent the German armies should they succeed in eluding capture from making strong lines of retreat and to prevent the German armies should they succeed in eluding capture from making strong lines of retreat and to prevent the German armies should they succeed in eluding capture from making strong lines of retreat.

Fresh Troops are in Pursuit. Large bodies of fresh troops are understood to have been sent forward to assist in the pursuit and many more are ready to share the case, it is said. Some portions of the allied army, through the hot sunny days interspersed with showers of rain, bore the brunt of the fighting, are taking a brief rest in preparation for future movements which may call for equally great efforts.

**RUSSIAN TROOPS CROSSING THE SAN RIVER.**

Are Now in Pursuit of Enemy, With Results Unknown.

Petrograd Sept. 14.—The following official communication was issued tonight: "On the Austrian front the Russian troops are crossing the San River. On taking position near Hava Russia, the Russian troops captured thirty cannon and 8,000 prisoners and also enormous stores of war material and provisions."

The results of the pursuit of the enemy in that territory are still unknown.

In the marshes of Belorussia the Russians found some more Austrian batteries sunk in the mud, abandoned during the retreat.

"The general army, while repulsing

## Cabled Paragraphs

No Russian Troops in Belgium. London, Sept. 14, 11:25 p. m.—The official press bureau issued tonight a denial of the reports that Russian troops have landed in Belgium. "There is no truth whatever," says the bureau, "in the rumors that Russian soldiers have landed or passed through Great Britain on their way to France or Belgium. The statements that Russian troops are in Belgium or France should be discredited."

NO REPLY YET FROM GERMAN GOVERNMENT.

Concerning Its Attitude Toward Peace in Europe.

Washington, Sept. 13.—Although no reply has been received tonight from the German government to the inquiry of the United States concerning the attitude of the former toward peace in Europe, the official statement was hopeful that from the informal report something tangible might soon develop.

That many influential German-Americans are working to bring about some exchange of peace terms has been admitted in official quarters. The German government, it is said, is keeping in close touch with all these efforts. The feeling prevails among Americans that the German government is not sincere in its efforts to bring about a peace, and the enmity of the struggle is brought home to the masses in each country, the movement for peace will correspondingly gain momentum.

United States to Sign Treaties.

In the midst of the conflict, the United States tomorrow will sign treaties of peace with Great Britain, France, Spain and China, countries whose combined population is more than half of the world's population. This privilege was granted because the young women declared that they were in frail health.

Statement by Committee.

"The American press may be interested to know that they may expect a large number of interviews denouncing the committee's attitude toward the steamer at New York. The committee has made it an inflexible rule that no one shall be interviewed who is not a member of the committee and claiming to be entirely without resources should be sent to the United States in the third class unless he or she has sufficient funds to pay for the having of children with them justified the expenditure for additional accommodations."

Treat All Alike.

"A large number of Americans are now arriving from the continent and the committee has decided to treat all alike. It means that though they may be without means they will have to apply to the committee to receive first class passage to New York. When informed of the committee's inflexible rule which is applied to all Americans, impartially no matter what may be their social position, the committee usually tell the committee that they will see to it immediately they arrive in New York that the committee get down up in the paper."

CONGRESS COMPLIES WITH MRS. WILSON'S LAST WISH.

Alley Slums of Washington Must be Eliminated Within Four Years.

Washington, Sept. 14.—Mrs. Woodrow Wilson's long-cherished wish to abolish the alley slums in the national capital was fulfilled today when the house passed the senate bill which provides for the elimination of the slums within four years.

A few hours before Mrs. Wilson died, she told the president that she could go away peacefully only if the alley slums would be wiped out. Word was sent to the capital, and the president's wish was carried out.

GERMANS MAY MAKE STAND AT RIVER AISNE

Invaders Appear to be Preparing to Stop Allies.

Paris, Sept. 14, 11:09 p. m.—The French official statement issued tonight says that French troops have exchanged congratulatory telegrams with the German army, and that the Germans are making a stand on the River Aisne.

The statement is as follows: "On our left wing we have every where caught up with the rear guards and even the men of the French army. Our troops have re-entered Amiens, abandoned by the German army."

"The enemy appears to be making a stand on the River Aisne. On the center, similarly, it would seem to be preparing to make a stand on the heights to the northwest and to the north of Rheims. In the region between Argonne and the Meuse the enemy is making a stand."

"On our right wing, in the Woerthe district we have succeeded in retreating the foot of the enemy's line. The enemy has been stubbornly attacked time and time again during the last few days. The enemy is 12 miles southeast of Verden."

"In Lorraine our pursuing detachments are keeping, as everywhere else, in the rear of the enemy. The morale and sanitary conditions of our armies continue excellent."

POINCARÉ AND ALBERT EXCHANGE CONGRATULATIONS

French President Says But Belgians Have Played Well Not Be Forgotten.

Bordeaux, Sept. 14, 4:10 p. m.—President Poincaré and King Albert have exchanged congratulatory telegrams. In a message the Belgian monarch said:

"The great victory gained by the allies, owing to the courage and military genius of their chiefs, fills us with joy. In sending you the warmest congratulations, I am interpreting the feeling of the whole Belgian nation. We maintain unshaken confidence in final success in the struggle."

"The admirable cruelties from which our people are suffering, far from making us lose heart, have only put fresh energy and ardor in our troops."

"To this President Poincaré replied: "I heartily thank you for your message of congratulations for the commanders and men of the French army. Our troops are proud to fight beside the valiant Belgian and British armies for civilization and liberty. When the hour of retributive justice strikes, none will forget your valiant and the admirably Belgian people have done for the triumphs of the common cause."

REPORT OF A GERMAN WAR CORRESPONDENT

States That Invaders Are Holding All Positions.

Rotterdam, Sept. 14, via London, 7:30 p. m.—The report of a German war correspondent with the general headquarters in Berlin, as received here from Berlin, says:

Toward the end of August the French endeavored to arrest the advance of the German troops through Belgium by attacking their forces at

## Condensed Telegrams

Bulgaria named Stephen Painsoroff, a professor in a Constantinople college as her new Minister to Washington.

An unidentified Italian was found dead in front of No. 138 Mott Street, New York. By his side two revolvers and a red cap were found.

Colonel Adelbert Cronkite, for the past two years in command of the coast defenses of eastern New York, has been ordered to Fort Worden.

The Cunard Line steamer Caronia, which has been converted into an armed merchant cruiser of the British navy arrived at Halifax, N. S., for coal.

Mrs. Mary Ford a Brooklyn school teacher was arrested, charged with passing worthless checks. She claims she needed the money to feed her child.

Twelve dwellings and the plant of the East River Hotel were destroyed by fire at Pittsburgh, with a loss of \$125,000. Several firemen were hurt.

Borough President Marks of Manhattan took three thousand of his borough employees to the Hudson River to Bear Mountain for an outing and games.

The postoffice at Contoosick, N. H., was entered Sunday night by burglars who blew open two safes, but secured only \$19 in money and \$30 in stamps.

A \$75,000 fire in the Brooklyn Iron Foundry, which is situated between a lumber yard and five oil tanks, threatened general destruction for the neighborhood.

Miss M. L. Jobe of New York, a teacher in North College, discovered a mountain peak 150 miles northwest of Mt. Robson, British Columbia.

Rosella Lobado, of No. 223 E. 107th Street, New York, was run over and killed by an automobile truck, while dodging a trolley car at Second Ave. and 107th Street.

Something more than 125 delegates were present at the opening of the annual national convention of the first National Guard in Foot Guard hall, Hartford.

H. Parker Willis of New York, took office as secretary of the Federal reserve board. He is a writer on finance and was one of the framers of the new currency act.

Robert C. Pate, one time racing promoter of St. Louis, died at the age of 76. He was said to have won and lost several hundred thousand dollars in racetrack ventures.

John C. Calhoun, great-grandson of the John C. Calhoun of nullification fame, started suit for a divorce in New York alleging that his wife has another husband still living.

The comptroller of the currency has issued a call for a statement of the condition of all national banks of the United States at the close of business on September 12.

The present general cold wave is probably the result of the remarkable sun spots just discovered by the United States Observatory, officials of the Observatory say.

Caravel, a city in the Department of Arequipa, Peru, was destroyed by an earthquake for the second time. The residents are fleeing, abandoning all their household goods.

Patrolman John Wickman, of Astoria, Ore., was dragged by his runaway horse. On the way to the hospital, the ambulance wheel fell off and the policeman was badly shaken up.

It was announced at State Progressive headquarters at Hartford, that the convention of the party will be held in New Haven September 20. It will be made up of nominees.

General Carranza, in a telegram to the Constitutional agency in Washington, denied the report of disturbance in Mexico City, and reports that the port of Vera Cruz is open.

The Toledo Railway and Light Co. of Toledo, Ohio, has been enjoined from enforcing the three-cent carfare ordinance. The court found it was causing the company loss.

Five aviators in five different types of aeroplanes, dropped bombs at a target twenty feet in diameter at Hempstead Plains aviation field, the nearest bomb landing twenty-nine feet from the target.

Rev. Horace W. Jones, rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church of Brooklyn, Ind., and his wife, were killed in an automobile accident. The machine overturned. The chauffeur and two children escaped with slight bruises.

Mary Brock, six years old daughter of Mrs. and Mr. Brock, of Torrington, Conn., died at the Litchfield County Hospital, Winsted, as a result of burns received when her dress caught fire while she was playing with matches.

The plant of the Popperell Manufacturing company of Biddeford, Me., employing some 3,500 hands, and that of the York Manufacturing company of Saco, employing some 2,500 hands, resumed operations following a two weeks' shut-down.

With all but two of its members in attendance, the fifth convention of the grand old party of the United States, the Improved Order of Red Men, was convened at Portland, Me. Great interest was shown in the proceedings.

The Marquis of Lansdowne, leader of the opposition to the Home Rule Bill in the House of Lords will move today that the proceedings on the Home Rule and Welsh Disestablishment bill be suspended during the continuance of the war.

Alexander Sugarman, a beef dealer of Maynard, Mass., was arrested in Maynard and brought to New York, charged with stealing a gold mesh bag from Mrs. Taylor of New York, at a New York restaurant where he was a waiter on New Year's Eve, 1909.

Curtis M. Gear, secretary of the Connecticut Peace society, has mailed to all members of the organization a leaflet calling upon them to stand firm and maintain their courage in the face of the discouragements of the European war and the seeming setback which it has given to the world peace problem.

Test of Panama Fortifications.

Panama, Sept. 14.—A complete firing test of all the guns in the canal fortifications has been completed. The test was in every way satisfactory and showed that the fortifications were in excellent condition.

Waterbury—Rev. J. Herman Olson, pastor of the Swedish Lutheran church on Cherry street, has been extended which is Swedish Lutheran church of Worcester, Mass.

## DEMOCRATIC VICTORY IN MAINE

Mayor Oakley C. Curtis Defeats Present Governor by Plurality of 2,700 Votes

## BIG FALLING OFF IN PROGRESSIVE VOTE

Legislature Returns About Evenly Divided Between Republicans and Democrats—Four Republican Congressmen Were Re-elected and One Democratic—The Vote for Governor Was Democratic 58,877, Republican 56,179.

Portland, Me., Sept. 14.—Mayor Oakley C. Curtis of Portland, a democrat, was elected governor of Maine today, defeating Governor William T. Haines of Waterville, who was a candidate for a second term, by a margin of 2,700 votes, according to unofficial returns.

All of the 921 cities, towns and plantations, except 37 small places whose vote is not expected to change the result, had been tabulated. The vote was 58,877 for Haines and 56,179 for Curtis. Halbert B. Gardner of Patten, the progressive candidate, received 17,147 votes. Two years ago Roosevelt received 48,495.

The four Maine congressmen, Asher C. Hinds, John A. Peters and Frank E. Guernsey, republicans, and Daniel J. McMillin, democrat, were re-elected, according to the same returns.

Legislative returns from more than half of the districts were evenly divided between the republicans and democrats, with two progressives elected to the house.

Congressman Asher C. Hinds, republican, was re-elected in the first district today, according to newspaper returns, by a plurality of 692. The vote was 10,077 for Congressman Hinds, 16,318 for Democrat, and 2,311 for Walter C. Emerson, progressive.

Congressman Daniel J. McMillin, democrat, was re-elected by 5,500 plurality over Harold M. Sewall, republican, of Bath, according to unofficial returns. All but one of the members of the legislature. The initiative acts proposing a child labor law and wider publicity for the state of public officials apparently have carried.

Portland, Maine, Sept. 14.—Congressman John A. Peters, the republican representative from the third district, was re-elected by 1,800 plurality, according to unofficial returns from all 13 small towns and plantations. The vote was: Peters 19,283; Pattangall 17,485; Thompson, progressive, 3,474.

Congressman Frank E. Guernsey of the fourth district, was returned by a safe margin. According to returns from all 13 small towns and plantations the vote was: Guernsey 11,831; Mullen, democrat, 9,355; Merrill, progressive, 4,992.

**DEMOCRATIC GOVERNOR REELECTED IN ARKANSAS**

Other Democratic Candidates for State Officers were Not Opposed.

Little Rock, Ark., Sept. 14.—In complete return from the majority of the counties in Arkansas tonight indicate that Governor George W. Hays, democratic candidate for re-election, received a majority of approximately 30,000 votes over his republican opponent, A. L. Kinney, in today's election. The vote was: Hays 58,877; Kinney 56,179.

Large majorities are shown in favor of other state officers. The democratic power cities to issue improvement bonds and creating the office of lieutenant governor. The vote is close on the proposal to fix the salaries of members of the legislature. The initiative acts proposing a child labor law and wider publicity for the state of public officials apparently have carried.

**INAUGURATION OF GOLD EXPORTS TO CANADA**

For Payment of New York City's Indebtedness to London and Paris.

New York, Sept. 14.—Inauguration of gold exports to Canada, in partial payment of New York City's indebtedness to London and Paris, with withdrawal from the private market of some large orders to sell listed securities, was the chief feature of the developments of the day. Five million dollars was taken for shipment to Ottawa, there to be placed to the credit of the Bank of England. The money more probably will go across the border in a few days.

The order to the orders to sell stocks was associated with latest news from abroad, which indicated a more hopeful feeling regarding the cause of the allies in the war. It was said that a substantial part of the German loan of \$250,000,000 now in process of being raised in England, by the subscription of the German people by wealthy German-Americans but a canvass of the international committee of bankers failed to elicit any information of these rumors.

Cables and demand on London eased a fraction of a cent to the pound and brokers in exchange reported a moderate inquiry for remittances in Paris. The bill on the market continued scarce. It was said, however, that considerable business was being done between London and Paris in American currency bills.

Some thirty-day bills for our foodstuffs on Amsterdam.

**AUSTRIA REMOVING TROOPS FROM ITALIAN FRONTIER**

But Has Prepared a Defense Force of Gendarmes and Reservists

London, Sept. 15, 4:05 a. m.—A Reuters despatch from Rome quotes the Giornale d'Italia as saying:

"The Austrian army has withdrawn its troops from the Italian frontier, especially the frontier riflemen. The Alpine corps, however, are maintained. The Russians, but the Austrians have prepared a defense of the border with gendarmes, reservists and members of the landwehr and landwehr. Besides they have cut reinforcements eight feet wide and 10 feet deep."

"A possible landing of Italians at Trieste, which is unfortified, has been provided against by the Austrians. The Carnaro Marzò Hill, which overlooks the town, and by blockhouses around the Gulf of Trieste. The remainder of the coast of Istria and Dalmatia has been mined."

**SOCIALISTS OF EUROPE APPEAL TO UNITED STATES**

To Urge Warring Governments to Accept Mediation.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—An appeal to the socialists of Europe to urge the warring governments to accept mediation by the United States was sent by the Central Committee of the socialist party today as follows:

In the present crisis, before any national conference of socialists, representatives should exert every influence on their respective governments to accept mediation by the United States. This still can be done without loss of prestige. The conference should be held at The Hague or Washington."

The cablegram was signed by Victor Berger and others.

**Negro Mail Clerks Arrested on Suspicion.**

Shreveport, La., Sept. 14.—T. L. Anderson and J. S. Vaughn, negro mail clerks on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway train which was robbed Saturday night, were arrested today. They are charged with federal authorities with robbing the mail pouches. The robbery was reported by the negroes, who alleged that a white man perpetrated the robbery. The mail pouches were found to be empty.

**Thomson—Miss Josephine Stickle of Western, R. I., who was formerly engaged as operator at the local telephone exchange, is the youngest of friends here for a few days.**

**It is Believed that Child Was Strangled by Her Mother Before She Killed Herself.**

Glens Falls, N. Y., Sept. 14.—Mrs. Charles Newlin, 32 years old, said to have been a resident of this city, Philadelphia family and her five year old daughter were found dead today in a strip of woods near Elliptown. The mother was found with a stocking and the mother met her death in the woods. The child was found with a stocking and the mother met her death in the woods. The child was found with a stocking and the mother met her death in the woods.

**Of Prominent Family.** Philadelphia, Sept. 14.—Mrs. Newlin, whose home was at Chadds Ford, near here, was a member of one of the oldest families of Chester County. Charles S. Newlin, her husband, was a prominent citizen and was at present in Texas. The little girl found dead with her mother was the only child.